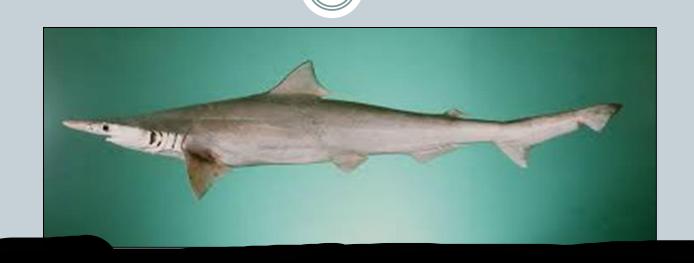
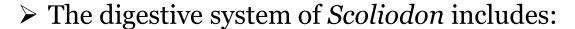
Digestive System of Scoliodon



Digestive system of Scoliodon



• Alimentary canal:

Mouth

Buccal cavity

Pharynx

Oesophagus

Stomach

Intestine

• Digestive gland:

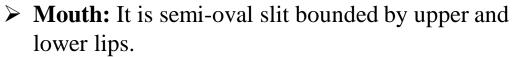
Liver

Pancreas

Caecal gland or rectal gland

Spleen

Alimentary canal

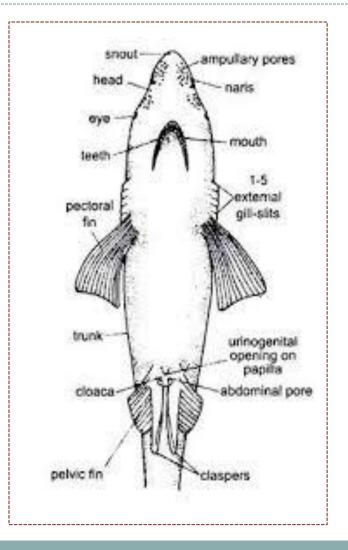


> Buccal cavity:

- Mouth leads right into a dorso-ventrally flattened buccal cavity lined by jaws.
- Teeth are homodont, sharply pointed and directed backwards.
- They are polyphyodont and arranged in many rows.
 Teeth help in grasping the prey.
- On the floor of the buccal cavity thick, flat, and non-muscular tongue is present.

> Pharynx:

- Posteriorly buccal cavity opens into pharynx .
- Lateral side of pharynx contains an oval pit of spiracle and five separate gill-slits



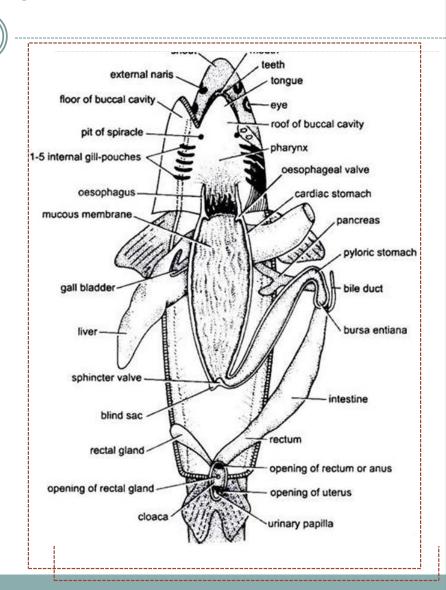
Alimentary canal

> Oesophagus:

• Pharyngeal space cavity narrows down posteriorly into a short tube, the oesophagus.

> Stomach:

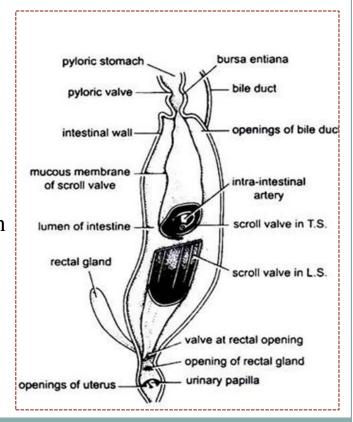
- Stomach is a U-shaped large cavity.
- Its proximal limb, the cardiac stomach is longer, wider and distensible.
- Its distal limb is shorter and narrower and is known as pyloric stomach.
- At the junction of cardiac and pyloric stomach a small blind sac in addition to a sphincter valve is present.
- Pyloric stomach ends with a strong circular muscle band known as pyloric valve guarding its opening into a thick-walled muscular chamber, the bursa entiana



Alimentary canal

> Intestine :

- Bursa entiana is followed by intestine. It is a straight wide tube. Its narrow anterior part gets the bile and secretions of pancreatic ducts.
- In *Scoliodon*, the intestine becomes folded anticlockwise into a scroll valve or spiral valve. It gives increased surface area for absorption.
- The last part of gut is referred to as rectum. It is a short and narrow tube opening behind through anus into the ventral cloaca.
- A small finger-like caecal or rectal gland of unknown function opens dorsally into the rectum .



Digestive glands

- > Liver
- > Pancreas
- ➤ Caecal gland or rectal gland
- > Spleen

Digestive glands

> Liver:

- It is a big yellowish bilobed gland.
- Bile is collected in V-shaped gall bladder, lies inside the right lobe of liver.
- A narrow bile duct leaves the gall bladder and opens into the anterior end of the intestine.
- Bile duct also gets branches from the lobes of liver. It secretes bile, stores glycogen and fat and destroys worn out erythrocytes of blood.

> Pancreas:

• It is a compact whitish or pale bilobed gland running parallel to the posterior part of cardiac stomach and a smaller ventral lobe closely applied to the pyloric stomach.

The small pancreatic duct open into the intestine just opposite the opening of the bile duct.

Digestive glands

> Caecal or rectal gland:

- Caecal or rectal gland is a small finger like body attached by its duct to the dorsal side of rectum into which it opens.
- It is highly vascular and composed of lymphoid tissue. Its function is unknown.

> Spleen:

- It is a large gland closely attached to the cardiac and pyloric stomach.
- It has no physiological relation with alimentary canal and functionally associated with circulatory system

Food and physiology of digestion

- *Scoliodon* is a predaceous carnivore feeding mainly on other fishes. Its diet can also consist of crabs, lobsters and worms.
- Food as a whole is swallowed; no digestion takes place in buccal cavity.
 Main digestion occurs inside the stomach via the movement of Pepsin and HCI of gastric juice.
- Bile and pancreatic juice containing trypsinogen, amylopsin and lipase act upon the semi-digested food in the gut.
- Scroll valve in intestine serves to retard the speed of passage of food to amplify the time of digestion and increase the surface of absorption .

References

Kotpal, R. L. (2010), Modern text book of Zoology: Vertebrates, Rastogi Publications, New Delhi, India 19

http://www.notesonzoology.com/wpcontent/uploads/2017/07/clip image 004-21.jpg

http://www.notesonzoology.com/phylum-chordata/dogfish/external-features-of-dogfish-scoliodon-with-diagram-chordata-zoology/7558